IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claims 1-15 (Canceled).

Claim 16 (Currently Amended): Glazing comprising (a) at least one electrically controllable system having variable optical and/or energy properties, (b) at least one coating for adjusting the optical appearance conferred on the said glazing by the said system, said at least one coating having antireflection properties in the visible, wherein said coating having antireflection properties is deposited on at least one of the external faces of said glazing and comprises a stack of thin layers having alternately high and low reflective indices or a graded-refractive-index layer, and (c) at least one coating for attenuating/modifying the color of the glazing in reflection, wherein said at least one coating of component (c) acts to lower C* saturation values in the (L, a*, b*) colorimetry system of the glazing in reflection,

wherein the coating (c) includes a thin layer having a refractive index of between 1.6 and 1.9, and

wherein the thin layer having a refractive index of between 1.6 and 1.9 is based on at least one of aluminum oxide Al_2O_3, yttrium oxide Y_2O_3, silicon oxycarbide SiOC, and silicon oxynitride SiON.

Claim 17 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein the coating (b) also has antistatic properties, and includes a stack of thin layers at least one of which is made of an electrically conductive material comprising a doped-metal-oxide or conductive-polymer.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): Glazing comprising (a) at least one electrically controllable system having variable optical and/or energy properties, (b) at least one coating for adjusting the optical appearance conferred on the said glazing by the said system, said at least one coating having antireflection properties in the visible, wherein said coating having

antireflection properties is deposited on at least one of the external faces of said glazing and comprises a stack of thin layers having alternately high and low reflective indices or a graded-refractive-index layer, and (c) at least one coating for attenuating/modifying the color of the glazing in reflection, wherein the coating (c) is in contact with the electrically controllable system (a), in the form of a thin layer having a refractive index intermediate between those of the materials with which it is in contact on each of its faces.

Claims 19-20 (Canceled).

Claim 21 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein the coating (c) includes at least two superposed thin layers whose average refractive index is between 1.6 and 1.9.

Claim 22 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 21, wherein the at least two superposed thin layers whose average refractive index is between 1.6 and 1.9 is an SnO_2/SiO_2 or $SnO_2/SiO_2/SnO_2$ stack.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, additionally including a carrier substrate and a primer/tie-layer coating for the electrically controllable system (a) with respect to the carrier substrate.

Claim 24 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 23, wherein the carrier substrate comprises a polymeric/plastic material.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, which also includes a coating having hydrophilic/antimisting properties or having hydrophobic/anti-rain properties on at least one of its external faces.

Claim 26 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 25, wherein the coating having hydrophobic properties includes at least one layer comprising a composition having at least one fluoroalkoxysilane, the alkoxy functional groups of which are directly linked to the

silicon atom, a system of one or more aqueous solvents and at least one catalyst which is an acid and/or a Brönsted base.

Claim 27 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, which also includes a coating having photocatalytic/antifouling properties.

Claim 28 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 27, wherein the coating having photocatalytic/antifouling properties is located on at least one of its external faces.

Claim 29 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 28, wherein the coating having photocatalytic/antifouling properties comprises TiO_2 at least partially crystallized in the anatase form.

Claim 30 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, which also includes at least one coating having electromagnetic screening properties.

Claim 31 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein the electrically controllable system (a) is a superposition of functional layers placed between two carrier substrates, each of the said substrates independently being rigid, semi-rigid or flexible.

Claim 32 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 31, wherein the electrically controllable system (a) includes, as carrier substrate, at least one rigid substrate of which the glazing is composed, and/or at least one flexible carrier substrate associated by lamination, with a rigid substrate of which the said glazing is composed.

Claim 33 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein the electrically controllable system (a) is a superposition of functional layers placed on a carrier substrate and provided with an inorganic or polymeric layer protective film.

Claim 34 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 33, wherein the protective film is in the form of a lacquer or of a varnish.

Claim 35 (Previously Presented): Glazing comprising (a) at least one electrically controllable system having variable optical and/or energy properties, (b) at least one coating

for adjusting the optical appearance conferred on the said glazing by the said system, said at least one coating having antireflection properties in the visible, wherein said coating having antireflection properties is deposited on at least one of the external faces of said glazing and comprises a stack of thin layers having alternately high and low reflective indices or a graded-refractive-index layer, and (c) at least one coating for attenuating/modifying the color of the glazing in reflection, wherein the coating (c) is interposed between the electrically controllable system (a) and a substrate for said glazing.

Claim 36 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein the electrically controllable system (a) is an all-solid electrochromic system.

Claim 37 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein electrically controllable system (a) is in the form of a system comprising one or more reversible-insertion materials of the electrochromic system or gasochromic system type, or in the form of an optical-valve or viologen-based system.

Claim 38 (Previously Presented): Glazing according to Claim 16, wherein electrically controllable system (a) is in the form of a liquid-crystal or cholesteric-gel system.

Claims 39-61 (Canceled).

DISCUSSION OF THE AMENDMENT

Claim 16 has been amended by incorporating the subject matter of Claim 20 therein. Claims 19 and 20 have been canceled as moot.

No new matter has been added by the above amendment. With entry thereof, Claims 16-18, and 21-38 will be pending in the application.